

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



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Georgia Crop Progress & Condition Report

In Cooperation with the Georgia Department of Agriculture

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August 1, 2011

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General: According to the National Agriculture Statistics Service's Georgia Field Office, there were 5.9 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, July 31, 2011. Statewide topsoil moisture was rated at 15% very short, 32% short, 49% adequate, and 4% surplus. Subsoil moisture for the State was 17% very short, 40% short, 42% adequate, and 1% surplus. Precipitation estimates for the week in Georgia ranged from no rain up to 4.0 inches. The week's average temperature ranged from the mid 70s to the mid 80s.

Crop Progress				Crop Condition					
Crop	This Week	Last Week	2010	5-Yr Avg	Crop	VP	Р	F	
		Perc	ent				Pe	ercent	
Corn - Harvested	8	N/A	3	1	Corn	16	18	28	
Cotton - Squaring	88	80	98	95	Cotton	14	18	38	
Cotton - Setting Bolls	61	50	83	74	Hay	13	23	42	
Hay - Second Cutting	57	44	N/A	N/A	Pasture & Range	13	22	39	
Peanuts - Blooming	96	90	100	98	Peanuts	6	13	39	
Peanuts - Pegging	81	70	93	88	Pecans	5	12	53	
Sorghum - Harvested	1	N/A	6	1	Sorghum	3	23	48	
Tobacco - Harvested	37	30	31	33	Soybeans	7	18	45	
					Tobacco	2	12	42	

VP- Very Poor, P-Poor, F-Fair, G-Good, EX- Excellent

County Extension Comments

"Hit or miss showers. Corn silage harvest is in full swing. Corn grain harvest may start end of the week. Soybean planting is still going on, especially behind corn. Some reports of fall army worms in pastures.

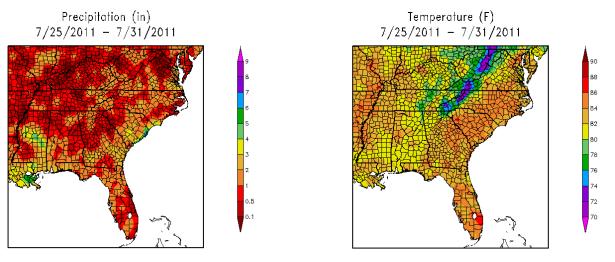
Jeremy Kichler, Macon County, District 40

Lesser cornstalk borers continue to destroy grain sorghum fields and have hurt peanuts too. Corn harvest has begun but is about 10 days from being in full swing. Soybean aphids have arrived and some growers have had to spray for them even though they may be concentrated in just one area of the field. Peanut fungicides continue to be applied with moderate to heavy risk of white mold keeping a tight spray interval, while low risk fields are getting by with 21-day intervals. Cotton boll retention is good in irrigated fields and the stink bugs are still "no-shows". We also haven't seen any armyworms that warranted a spray in hayfields but we have found them. Weak cotton stands are even more apparent as the crop matures...there seem to be gaps in about 2/3 of dry land cotton fields.

Jim Crawford, Jefferson County, District 60

"Rain has been a blessing and worth millions! Things on the farm are looking good right now but busy..." Mark, Atkinson County, District 80

Southeastern U.S. Precipitation & Average Temperature



Generated 8/1/2011 at HPRCC using provisional data.

Regional Climate Centers Generated 8/1/2011 at HPRCC using provisional data.

Regional Climate Centers

http://www.hprcc.unl.edu/

U.S. Drought Monitor

July 26, 2011

Georgia

Drought	Conditions	(Percent	Area)
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	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	4.53	95.47	87.18	78.16	68.38	8.74
Last Week (07/19/2011 map)	5.17	94.83	82.96	75.00	68.38	8.74
3 Months Ago (04/26/2011 map)	23.24	76.76	72.35	18.79	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year (12/28/2010 map)	2.42	97.58	85.37	40.34	6.49	0.00
Start of Water Year (09/28/2010 map)	4.80	95.20	39.24	5.11	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago (07/20/2010 map)	47.06	52.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

http://drought.unl.edu/dm



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